

Experimental and theoretical study of the crystal-field levels and hyperfine and electron-phonon interactions in $\text{LiYF}_4\text{:Er}^{3+}$

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Abstract

We have measured high resolution absorption spectra for the $4I_{15/2} \rightarrow 4I_{13/2}$, $4I_{11/2}$ infrared transitions of Er^{3+} ions in LiYF_4 . Positions of crystal-field levels and their widths were precisely determined and analyzed. Hyperfine structure of ^{167}Er totaling $\sim 0.2 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ was observed. Experimental data are described by a theory that operates with a realistic model of the lattice dynamics and with the crystal-field parameters and electron-phonon coupling constants calculated in the framework of the exchange charge model. The hyperfine splittings of the odd mass number isotope ^{167}Er are calculated taking into account both magnetic dipole and electric quadrupole hyperfine interactions. The simulated hyperfine structure is in good agreement with the experimentally observed one. The one-phonon relaxation rates within the $4I_{11/2}$ and $4I_{13/2}$ crystal-field manifolds are calculated using the correlation functions of the Er^{3+} ion and ligand displacements. The results of these calculations agree within an order of magnitude with the measured homogeneous linewidths of the corresponding zero-phonon transitions from the ground state at low temperatures. ©2000 The American Physical Society.
